

P. G. DEPT. OF POLITICAL SCIENCE & PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Model Test Paper

**For
Entrance Test
M.Phil (Political Science)
Session - 2019-20**

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

Note: The question paper consists of two sections A contains very short multiple type 30 questions. Each question carries 1 Mark. The total weightage of the section is 30 marks. Section B contains 10 subjective questions out of which students are required to attempt any 7 questions. Each question carries 10 marks and answer to each question should be in approximately 500 words (2 pages). The total weightage of this section is 70 marks.

The students are required to attempt subjective questions only in English medium. The students must get at least 50% of the total marks to qualify for the admission in the course.

Section: A

1. Détente is a:
 - (a) Russian Term
 - (b) French Term
 - (c) Turkish Term
 - (d) Chinese Term

2. The chairman of the states Reorganization Commission was:
 - (a) K.M. Panikkar
 - (b) Justice Rajamannar
 - (c) H.N. Kunzru
 - (d) Justice Fazal Ali

3. The correct sequence of Army operations in Punjab is:
 - (a) Operation Black Thunder, Operation Wood Rose and Operation Blue Star.
 - (b) Operation Wood Rose, Black Thunder and Blue Star.
 - (c) Operation Blue Star, Wood Rose and Black Thunder
 - (d) All the above options are wrong

4. In 2012, Parkash Singh Badal became the Chief Minister of Punjab:
 - (a) 6th time
 - (b) 5th time
 - (c) 4th time
 - (d) 3rd time

5. Rajinder Sachar Committee was appointed to
 - (a) Study the Socio Economic and Educational status of the Muslims
 - (b) Recommend Electoral reforms
 - (c) Improve the conditiosn of the Women
 - (d) Assess the working of the Constitution

6. The 93rd Amendment of the Constitution deals with:
 - (a) Panchayati Raj Institutions
 - (b) Reservation for Women in Legislature
 - (c) Reservation for OBCs in Educational Institutions
 - (d) Fundamental Duties

7. "Procedure established by law" is the feature of the :
 - (a) UK Judicial System
 - (b) American Judicial System
 - (c) Indian Judicial System
 - (d) French judicial System

8. Which one of the following constitution was influenced by Montesque's ideas:
 - (a) France
 - (b) India
 - (c) UK
 - (d) USA

9. Which of the following is not the function of WTO:
 - (a) To create conditions suitable for free trade
 - (b) To administer and implement multilateral trade agreements
 - (c) To make monetary policies
 - (d) To resolve the trade disputes

10. TRIPS stands for:
 - (a) Trade Related Institutions of Political System
 - (b) Reduction in Tariffs and Properties
 - (c) Trade Related Intellectual Property Rights
 - (d) None of the above

11. According to Max Weber, which one of the following types of authority is the basis of modern bureaucracy?
 - (a) Traditional
 - (b) Legal-Rational
 - (c) Charismatic
 - (d) Popular

12. Who, among the following, scrutinizes the report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India?
- (a) Cabinet Secretariat
 - (b) Public Accounts Committee
 - (c) Union Finance Minister
 - (d) Department of Expenditure and Union Ministry of Finance
13. Right to Information Act (2005) primarily helps the cause of
- (a) Legal reforms
 - (b) Political reforms
 - (c) Social integrity
 - (d) Transparent administration
14. “They (Moderates) lick the dust of the feet that kick” – Who said this?
- (a) M. N. Roy
 - (b) B.G. Tilak
 - (c) Aurobindo Ghosh
 - (d) Veer Savarkar
15. Who is regarded as the 'prophet of Indian Nationalism?'
- (a) Mahatma Gandhi
 - (b) Raja Ram Mohan Rai
 - (c) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
 - (d) Lala Lajpat Rai
16. What is the purpose of sovereign immunity?
- (a) The purpose of immunity is to protect foreign Heads of State from embarrassment
 - (b) Immunity protects a State from being invaded by another
 - (c) Immunity shields States from being sued in the courts of other States
 - (d) The purpose of immunity is to offer impunity in respect of all crimes
17. The core idea of Ancient Greek Political Philosophy is:
- (a) Social equality
 - (b) Good life
 - (c) Liberty of the individual
 - (d) State Sovereignty
18. The idea of “The greatest happiness of the greatest number” was proposed by:
- (a) J.S. Mill
 - (b) Jermey Bentham
 - (c) James Mill
 - (d) Karl Marx

19. The Classical Theory of Sovereignty has been propounded by:
- (a) Maciver
 - (b) Bodin
 - (c) Austin
 - (d) Laski
20. Who defined Politics as the ‘Study of Shaping and Sharing of Power’?
- (a) Laswell
 - (b) Kaplan
 - (c) Gettel
 - (d) Both a and b
21. Who among the following challenged the idea of Political Development as a Unilinear process?
- (a) Edward Shills
 - (b) Almond
 - (c) Huntington
 - (d) Harold Laswell
22. Who developed the theory of Power Elite?
- (a) Robert Michels
 - (b) Bernard Cricks
 - (c) C. Wright Mills
 - (d) Laswell
23. The headquarter of International Court of Justice is situated at
- (a) New York
 - (b) New Delhi
 - (c) London
 - (d) Hague
24. Which comes first, theory or research?
- (a) Theory, because otherwise you are working in the dark.
 - (b) Research because that’s the only way you can develop a theory
 - (c) It depends on your point of view
 - (d) None of the above
26. Which of the following is non-probability sampling?
- (a) Snowball
 - (b) Random
 - (c) Cluster
 - (d) Stratified

27. Recently, coup took place in Burundi against President
- (a) Nkrumah
 - (b) Nkurunziza
 - (c) Mohd. Morsi
 - (d) Nusrulah
28. NJAC stands for:
- (a) National Joint Action Committee
 - (b) National Joint Action Commission
 - (c) National Judicial Appointment's Commission
 - (d) Joint Action Committee for Northern Council
29. The new Iranian President is:
- (a) Hamid Karzai
 - (b) Ayatollah
 - (c) Hassan Rouhani
 - (d) None of Above
30. Foreign policy falls under the subfield of:
- (a) European Politics
 - (b) Comparative Politics
 - (c) Political theory
 - (d) International Relations

Section: B

1. Problems of Coalition Government in India.
2. Marxian concept of Surplus Value.
3. Changing role of the Administration.
4. Scientific Nationalism of Pt. Nehru.
5. Lucian Pye's model of Political Development.
6. Demand for the restructuring of the UNO.
7. Brief note on Oil Diplomacy.
8. Major issues in Punjab Politics.
9. Major irritants in Sino- India Relationships.
10. Major Steps in Scientific Research.

